

### MIDIE PROGRAMMABLE POLYPHONIC SYNTHESIZER



**Owner's Manual** 



- The α JUNO-2 is 61 key, 6 voice polyphonic, fully programmable synthesizer with Dynamics and Aftertouch functions.
- The Liquid Crystal Display and the α Dial serve to make the editing operation quicker and more accurate.
- The Tone Modify Function of the α JUNO allows you to edit the tone color easily to your taste.
- Provided with MIDI Connectors, the α JUNO can be set up with other MIDI devices.
- The optional Memory Cartridge (M-64C) can expand the α JUNO-2's memory capacity by 64 tone colors.

## Bescheinigung des Herstellers /Importeurs Hiermit wird bescheinigt, daß der/die/das ROLAND POLYPHONIC SYNTHESIZER JU-2 (Gerat, Typ. Bezeichnung) in Übereinstimmung mit den Bestimmungen der Amtsbl. Vfg 1046 / 1984 (Amtsblattverfügung) funk-entstört ist. Der Deutschen Bundespost wurde das Inverkehrbringen dieses Gerätes angezeigt und die Berechtigung zur Überprüfung der Serie auf Einhaltung der Bestimmungen eingeräumt. Roland Corporation Osaka / Japan

### **CONTENTS**

DANIEL DESCRIPTION

ப	1 / 1	ALL DECOMM HOLV	9
2	COI	NNECTION	5
3	OPE	ERATION	6
	1.	Power Up	6
	2.	Tone Color Selection	6
	3.	Performance Control Functions	8
		a. Pitch Bender/Modulation	8
		b. Portamento	8
		c. Octave Transpose	9
		d. Chord Memory	9
		e. Key Transpose	11
		f. Hold Pedal Jack	12
		g. Pedal Switch Jack	12
		h. Expression Pedal Jack	12
	4.	Tone Modify	13
	5.	Editing Performance Control	
		Function	14
		a. How to edit the Performance	
		Control Functions	14
		b. Writing the Performance Controll	
		Functions	16
	6.	Edit	17
	7.	Tone color parameters	18
		a. Synthesizer Structure	18
		b. Parameters	19
	8.	Writing a Tone Color	29
	9.	Naming the Tone Colors	30

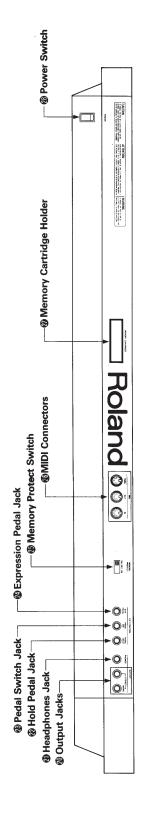
10. MIDIa. Changing MIDI Function Data	
b. Writing MIDI Function Data	
c. α JUNO's Sound Range receivable	
and transmissible with MIDI	34
d. Pedal Switch	34
e. Program Change Messages	35
11. Data Transfer	36
a. Saving into the Cartridge	36
b. Loading from the Cartridge	
to the Memory Group	37
c. Data Transfer with MIDI	38
4 APPENDIX	40
1. Parameter Table	40
2. Error Message Table	43
3. Memo	
5 SPECIFICATIONS	47

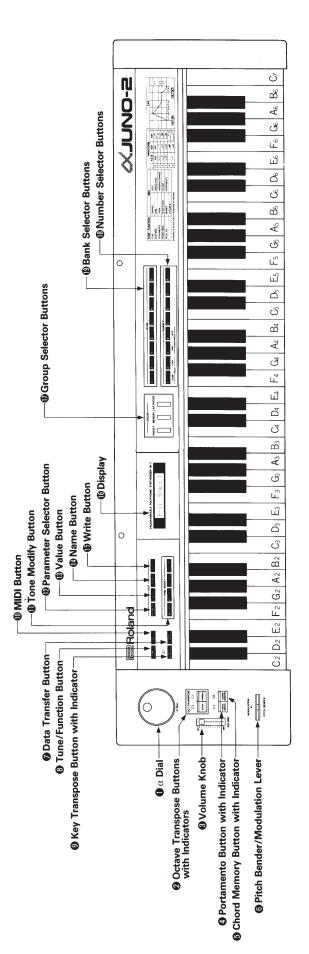
Please read the separate volume "MIDI", before reading this owner's manual.

### Copyright © 1985 by ROLAND CORPORATION

All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced in any form without the written permission of ROLAND CORPORATION.

# 1 PANEL DESCRIPTION





### -IMPORTANT NOTES

### POWER

- The appropriate power supply for this unit is shown on its name plate. Please make sure that the line voltage in your country meets that.
- $\bullet$  When setting up the  $\alpha$  JUNO with an external amplifier, turn both of them off, plug the lpha JUNO in first, then the amplifier.
  - This unit might not work properly when turned simply turn it off, and turn it on again after a few on immediately after turned off. If this happens,
- This unit might get hot while operating, but there is no need to worry about it.

CLEANING

- Clean the unit with only soft cloth and mild
  - Do not use solvents such as THINNER.

### OTHER NOTES

 $\bullet$  Avoid using the  $\alpha$  JUNO in excessive heat or

sunlight or dust.

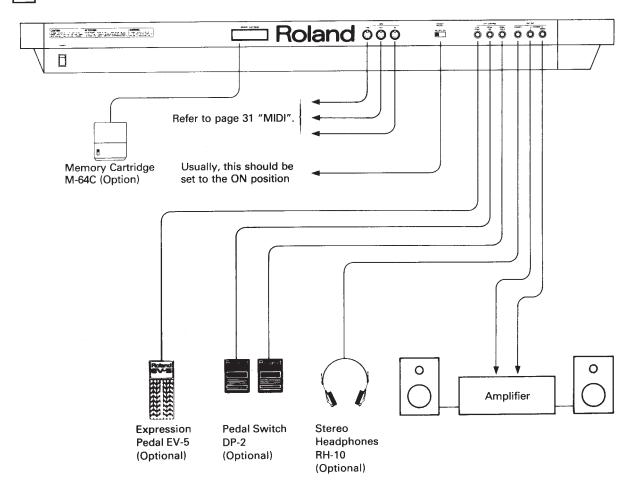
 $\bullet$  Operating the  $\alpha$  JUNO near a neon or fluorescent lamp may cause noise interference. If so, change the angle or position of the  $\alpha$  JUNO. humidity or where it may be affected by direct

LOCATION

- $\bullet$  The  $\alpha$  JUNO is a 6 voice synthesizer, therefore if 6 keys are simultaneously pressed, no more key will sound.
- your local Roland dealer for replacement, when the Display responds with as shown below.  $\bullet$  The  $\alpha$  JUNO's memory back-up system is fully supported by a battery. Normally, the battery replacement is required every five years, but the first replacement may be needed even before that depending how many months had passed before you bought it. Please ask for

Check Batterull

### **2** Connection



### Radio and television interference

"Warning — This equipment has been verified to comply with the limits for a Class B computing device, pursuant to Subpart J, of Part 15, of FCC rules. Operation with non-certified or non-verified equipment is likely to result in interference to radio and TV reception."

The equipment described in this manual generates and uses radio-frequency energy. If it is not installed and used properly, that is, in strict accordance with our instructions, it may cause interference with radio and television reception.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B computing device in accordance with the specifications in Subpart J, of Part 15, of FCC Rules. These rules are designed to provide reasonable protection against such an interference in a residential installation.

However, there is no guarantee that the interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment on and off, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by the following measure:

 Disconnect other devices and their input/output cables one at time. If the interference stops, it is caused by either the other device or its I/O cable.

These devices usually require Roland designated shielded I/O cables. For Roland devices, you can obtain the proper shielded cable from your dealer. For non Roland devices, contact the manufacturer or dealer for assistance.

If your equipment does cause interference to radio or television reception, you can try to correct the interference by using one or more of the following measures:

- Turn the TV or radio antenna until the interference stops.
- Move the equipment to one side or the other of the TV or radio.
- Move the equipment father away from the TV or radio.
- Plug the equipment into an outlet that is on a different circuit than the TV or radio. (That is, make certain the equipment and the radio or television set are on circuits controlled by different circuit breakers or fuses.)
- Consider installing a rooftop television antenna with coaxial cable lead in between the antenna and TV.

If necessary, you should consult your dealer or an experienced radio/television technician for additional suggestions. You may find helpful the following booklet prepared by the Federal Communications Commission:

"How to Identify and Resolve Radio-TV Interference Problems"

This booklet is avilable from the U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C., 20402, Stock No. 004-000-00345-4.

### **3 OPERATION**

### 1. Power Up

- ① Make sure that the Memory Protect Switch ⑤ on the rear panel is set to the ON position.
- 2) Turn the Power Switch @ on.

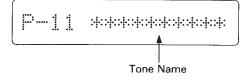
The Display Window (b) will respond with:





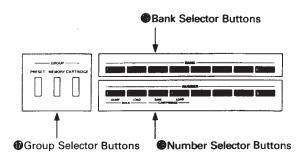


### Then the Display changes

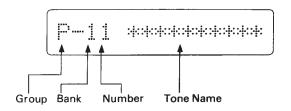


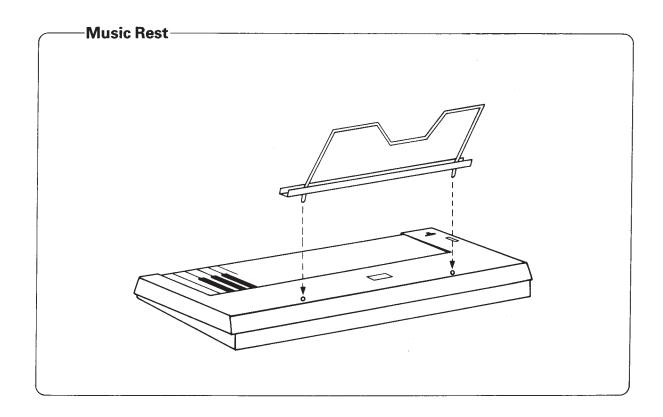
### 2. Tone Color Selection

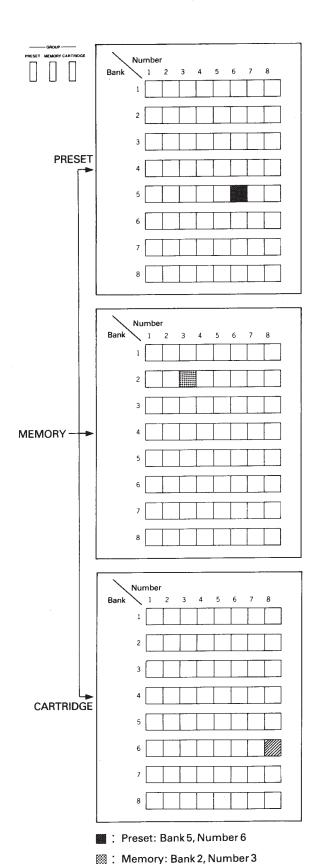
Any of the 128 different tone colors (192 tone colors when the optional Memory Cartridge is used) can be called by using the Group Selector Button (7), the Bank Selector Button (8) and the Number Selector Button (8).



The Display **(f)** shows the tone color currently selected:







Cartridge: Bank 6, Number 8

### <OPERATION>

By pressing the appropriate Group Selector Button , select Preset, Memory or Cartridge group.

### P..... Preset Group

The tone colors in this group can be modified, but the modified patch cannot be written into memory.

### M..... Memory Group

The tone colors in this group can be modified and even rewritten.

### C...... Cartridge Group

Select this group for using the optional Memory Cartridge M-64C. The tone colors saved in the cartridge can be modified and rewritten. The cartridge can be removed from the  $\alpha$  JUNO-2 and used later at any time.

- ② Select the Bank (1 to 8) by pressing the relevant Bank Selector Button **(9)**.
- 3 Select the Number (1 to 8) by pressing the relevant Number Selector Button **(B)**.

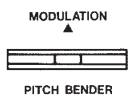
Now, by using the Volume Knob 3, adjust the volume of the sound.

\* The above procedures ① to ③ can be done in any order you like.

### 3. Performance Control Functions

### a. Pitch Bender/Modulation

By bending the Pitch Bender/Modulation Lever ①, guitar's bending like effect can be obtained. At its center position, this has no effect on the sound, while the left and right extremes of movement achieve the same amount of the pitch bend effect. Also, by pushing the same lever forward, vibrato effect is obtained.



- \* The range of each tone color's Pitch Bender effect can be changed. If the tone color is in the Preset Group, see page 14 "Editing the Performance Control Functions", and if it is the one in the Memory Group, see page 17 "6. Edit".
- \* The depth of the Modulation can be changed as shown on page 14 "Editing the Performance Control Functions".

### b. Portamento

Portamento effect is a slide from one pitch to another. This may be effectively used for the performance with the Chord Memory function.

### <OPERATION>

To turn Portamento on:



Push the Portamento Button 4.

The indicator lights up.

To turn Portamento off:



Push the Portamento Button 4 again.

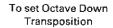
The indicator goes out.

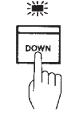
\* The time needed for a sound to move from a pitch to another (Portamento time) can be changed as shown on page 14 "Editing the Performance Control Functions".

### c. Octave Transpose

The entire keyboard can be transposed one octave down.

### <OPERATION>





Push the Down Button of the Octave Transpose Buttons **@**.

The indicator lights up.

To return to Normal



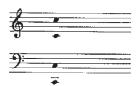
Push the Normal Button of the Octave Transpose Buttons 2.

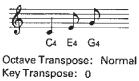
The indicator lights up.

### d. Chord Memory

Chord data can be recorded and later played with one finger.

### Example







 When C4 key is played, the actual chord you hear is exactly in the same pitch as the recorded one.

### <OPERATION>

To set to the Chord Memory mode



Push the Chord Memory Button 6.

The indicator lights up.

To return to the Normal mode



Push the Chord Memory Button **3** again.

The indicator goes out.

### How to record Chord Data used for Chord Memory Function

When a chord data is recorded into the  $\alpha$  JUNO with the Memory Protect Switch set to the ON position, it is erased by power off. If you wish to retain the recorded chord data even after power off, you should record it with the Memory Protect Switch ② set to the OFF position.

### <OPERATION>

 Set the Memory Protect Switch as shown below.

Memory Protect Switch : ON →
Erased when the power is off.

ON OFF ON

Memory Protect Switch : OFF →
Retained even after the power is off.

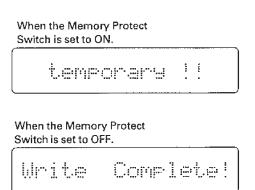
② Press the Write Button while holding the Chord Memory Button down.

The Display (6) will respond with:



3 Play the chord you wish to record.

When all the keys are released, the chord data is recorded, and the Display (6) will respond with:



- 4 If necessary, return the Memory Protect Switch to the ON position.
- \* While a chord data is being recorded, the Octave Transpose or Key Transpose function does not work, therefore, the middle C key always works as C4 key.
- \* When the recorded chord is being played, the Octave Transpose and Key Transpose functions work. When Octave Transpose is normal and the Key Transpose is 0, playing the C4 key will faithfully recall the recorded chord.
- \* By recording the C4 key, the α JUNO can be played as a monophonic keyboard.
- \* If the keyboard is being played extremely fast or too many NOTE ON messages are continuously sent into the MIDI IN, the chords may not properly sound.

### e. Key Transpose

The keyboard can be transposed to any key you like within  $\pm$  an octave (-12 to +12 value). Therefore, you can play music in various keys without using different keys.

\* This Key Transpose operation cannot be done unless the Display (3) is showing a tone name and no key is played on the keyboard.

### **How to Transpose**

### 1. Using the $\alpha$ Dial $\bullet$

1) Push the Key Transpose Button 9.



The value ( i) shown in the Display represents how many semi-tones (keys) are currently transposed.

2 While holding the Key Transpose Button  $\bullet$  down, rotate the  $\alpha$  Dial to set the desired value. (Refer to the picture shown below.)

The Display (1) shows the corresponding value, and if it is other than 0, the indicator lights up.

### 2. Using an appropriate key

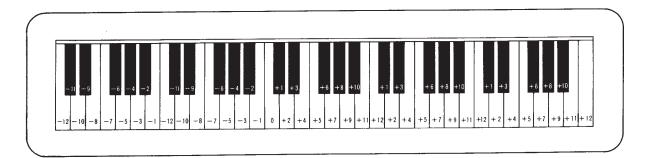
1) Push the Key Transpose Button 9.

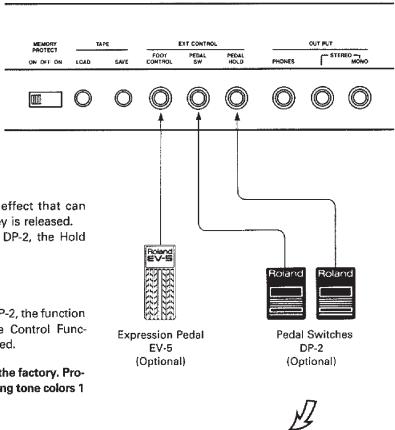


The value ( is ) shown in the Display represents how many semi-tones (keys) are currently transposed.

② While holding the key Transpose Button **9** down, push the key to which you wish to transpose.

The Display **1** shows the corresponding value, and if it is other than 0, the indicator lights up.





### f. Hold Pedal Jack

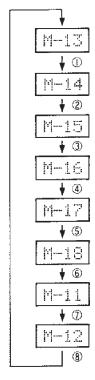
The  $\alpha$  JUNO features the Hold effect that can retain the sound even after the key is released. Using the optional Pedal Switch DP-2, the Hold effect can be turned on or off.

### g. Pedal Switch Jack

Using the optional Pedal Switch DP-2, the function selected at "Editing Performance Control Functions" on page 14 can be controlled.

\* Program Shift function is set at the factory. Program Shift is the function of calling tone colors 1 to 8 sequencially.

When "M-13" is initially set, the Tone Number will change as shown below.



### h. Foot Control Jack

By using the optional Expression Pedal EV-5, the function selected at "Editing Performance Control Functions" on page 14 can be controlled.

OFF 1

### 4. Tone Modify



Several parameters of a tone color can be simultaneously changed with a simple operation. There are four modes for the Tone Modify.

Mode	Tone Modifty Mode Button <b>()</b>	Function	
Modulation Rate	MOD RATE	This mode changes the rate of the vibrato, growl or chorus effect.	
Modulation Depth MOD DEPTH This mo		This mode changes the depth of the vibrato or growl effect.	
Brilliance BRILLIANCE		This mode changes the brilliance of the sound.	
Envelope Time	ENV TIME	This mode changes the time needed for a tone color to change from the moment the key is played.	

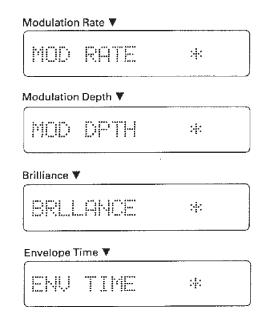
### <OPERATION>

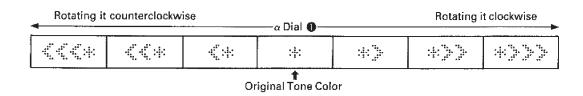
- ① Call the tone color you wish to edit.
- ② Select one of the four modes by pushing the corresponding Tone Modify Mode Button .

The Display will respond as shown right:

(3) Using the  $\alpha$  Dial lacktriangle, modify the tone color to your taste.

Rotating the  $\alpha$  Dial will change the Display  $\P$  as shown below.





- \* The edited tone color will be erased by selecting a different tone color. To retain the edited patch, take an appropriate writing procedure. (See page 29.)
- \* This Tone Modify operation may have no effect on some tone colors. For instance, the tone color without vibrato or growl effect will not change at all even by changing the depth or rate of the Modulation effect.

### 5. Editing Performance Control Functions

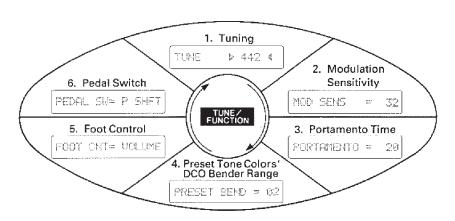
Using the Tune/Function Button (3), you can change the settings (data) of the Tuning and other functions for performance control. The changed data is erased when the unit is powered off. If you wish to retain the data even after powered off, take an appropriate writing operation.

	Parameter
1.	Tuning
2.	Modulation Sensitivity
3.	Portamento Time
4.	Preset Tone Colors' DCO Bender Range
5.	Foot Control
6.	Pedal Switch

### a. How to edit the Performance Control Functions

### <OPERATION>

① Press the Tune/Function Button **③** until the Display **⑥** shows the function you wish to edit.



As shown in the picture, each time you push the Tune/Function Button (3), the function shown in the Display changes.

② Using the  $\alpha$  Dial, change the value of the function to your taste.

### 1. Tuning

### Example ▼

TUHE | # 442 4

This function is used to tune with other instrument. The pitch of A4 key can be set to 430 to 454Hz.

The Display f shows the pitch currently set, and if " $\blacktriangleright$ " mark is shown on the left of the Display, the actual pitch of the  $\alpha$  JUNO is slightly lower than the set pitch shown in the Display. If " $\blacktriangleleft$ " mark is shown on the right side of the Display, the pitch is higher. When both " $\blacktriangleright$ " and " $\blacktriangleleft$ " marks are shown at the both ends of the Display, tuning is done.

### 2. Modulation Sensitivity

### Example ▼

MOD SEMS = 32

When the Pitch Bender/Modulation Lever **6** controls the Modulation effect, this function determines the depth of the Modulation effect from 0 to 127.

### 3. Portamento Time

### Example ▼

$$PORTAMENTO = 20$$

When the Portamento effect is on, this function sets the time needed for the slide of the pitch from one note to another.

\* At 0, no portamento effect is obtained, and 127 is the longest time.

### 4. Preset Tone Colors' DCO Pitch Bender Range Example ▼

When the Pitch Bender/Modulation lever controls the Pitch Bender effect of the whole preset tone colors (P-11 to 88), this sets the depth of the effect from 0 to 12 (1 represents semi-tone).

### 5. Pedal Switch

### Example **▼**

PEDAL SW= P SHFT

This function selects which of the Program Shift, Portamento, or Chord Memory function works by the pedal switch connected to the Pedal Switch Jack (2).

Mode	Display 🚯	Function
Program Shift	P SHFT	Pressing the pedal switch sequencially calls the tone colors 1 to 8. After 8, 1 will return.
Portamento	PORTA	This turns on or off the Portamento effect.
Chord Memory	CRD M	This turns on or off the Chord Memory effect.

When the Portamento or Chord Memory function is selected, the effect is on while the DP-2 is being depressed. If you wish to turn the effect on and off alternately by depressing the pedal, use the optional Foot Switch FS-1.

### b. Writing the Performance Control Functions

If you wish to retain the data of Tune/Function even after the  $\alpha$  JUNO is switched off, you should write it in the back-up memory.

### <OPERATION>

- Set the Memory Protect Switch to the OFF position.
- 2 Push the Tune/Function Button 3.
- (3) While holding the Write Button (6) down, press the Tune/Function Button (8).

The Display (6 will respond with:

While holding the Write Button 🚯 down

Write TUME/FUMC.



When the Tune/Function Button (3) is pushed.

Write Complete!

4 Return the Memory protect Switch **a** to the ON position.

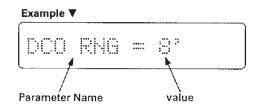
### 6. Edit

Here, call each parameter of a tone color and change it. Regarding the details of the parameters, see page 18 "7. Tone Color Parameters".

### <OPERATION>

- ① Call the tone color you wish to edit.
- ② Push the Parameter Selector Button ...

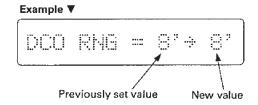
The Display will respond with:



(3) Using the  $\alpha$  Dial  $\blacksquare$ , call the parameter you wish to change.

4 Push the Value Button 6.

As shown in the picture, on the right of the Display , the current value and the prospective value are shown.



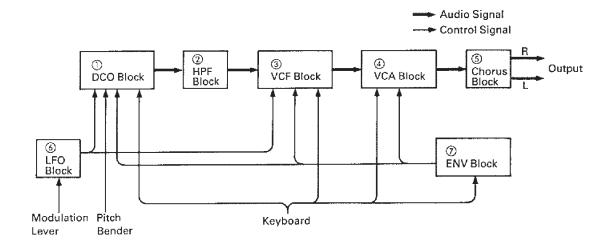
- (5) Using the  $\alpha$  Dial  $\P$ , change to the value you like.
- Repeat the steps ② to ⑤ as many times as necessary.

### 7. Tone Color Parameters

A tone color consists of various parameters, therefore, to edit a tone color, change the values of those parameters.

### a. Synthesizer Structure

The  $\alpha$  JUNO's synthesizer section consists of several blocks as shown in the picture. Each block of the synthesizer section is controlled by relevant tone-color parameters.



### DCO (Digitally Controlled Oscillator)

DCO is the digitally controlled oscillator that controls the pitch and generates the waveforms that are the sound source of the synthesizer.

### ② HPF (High Pass Filter)

The HPF (High-Pass Filter) is a filter that passes high frequency harmonics and cuts off the lower ones. This changes the waveform and controls the tone color.

### ③ VCF (Voltage Controlled Filter)

Each VCF lets lower frequency harmonics of the input signal pass and cuts off the higher ones. In other words, it is a usual low pass filter. By controlling the cutoff point and resonance, the waveform changes, thereby the tone color alters.

### VCA (Voltage Controlled Amplifier)

After filtered in the VCF, the signal is fed to the VCA where the volume (amplitude) of the sound is controlled.

### (5) CHORUS

### LFO (Low Frequency Oscillator)

This oscillator generates extremely low frequency, so produces a vibrato or growl effect by controlling the DCO or VCF.

### 7 ENV (Envelope Generator)

This generates the control voltage (Envelope) which controls the DCO, VCF and VCA, therefore, alters the pitch, tone color and volume in each note.

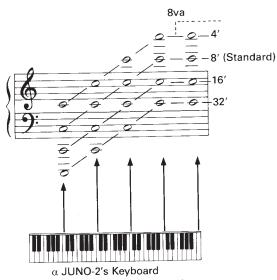
### b. Parameters

### **DCO (Digitally Controlled Oscillator)**

### □ DCO Range

### Example ▼

This is to change the pitch range of the DCO in exact one octave steps from 4' to 32' (4', 8', 16', 32'). 8' is standard.



α JUNO-2's Keyboard Octave Transpose: Normal key Transpose: 0

### □ DCO LFO Depth

### Example **▼**

When the LFO is controlling the pitch of the DCO, this adjusts the depth of the vibrato effect in the range of 0 to 127.

### □ DCO ENV Depth

### Example ▼

When the ENV is controlling the pitch of the DCO, this parameter sets the depth of the modulation in the range of the 0 to 127.

### □ DCO ENV Mode

### Example ▼

This selects the polarity of the Envelope curve that controls the DCO. Usually  $\land \land$  may be used. In  $\lor \checkmark$  mode, ADSR pattern will be inverted.

Mode	Display 🚯	Function
Normal		ENV serves to increase the DCO's pitch.
Invert	ļ <sup>/</sup>	ENV serves to decrease the DCO's pitch.
Normal with Dynamics	Dt-s	The ENV with Dynamics serves to increase the DCO's pitch.
Invert with Dynamics	DI	The ENV with Dynamics serves to decrease the DCO's pitch.

	nco	Aftertouch	Sensitivity
$\Box$		MILETROUGH	OGHISHIIAHAI

### Example ▼

DCO AFTR= 15

This parameter determines the depth of the vibrato effect when it is controlled by aftertouch. 0 to 15 are valid for this parameter.

### □ DCO Bender Range

### Example ▼

DCO BEND= 12

This sets the maximum effect of the Pitch Bender caused by moving the Pitch Bender/Modulaion lever. 0 to 12 are valid for this parameter, and 1 is semi-tone, therefore, 12 is an octave.

### □ DCO Pulse Waveform

### Example ▼

FULSE = 01

Pulse wave is selected.

Display	Waveform	Spectrum
CO	OFF	
92		4 + 4 + 4 + 4 + 4 + 4 + 4 + 4 + 4 + 4 +
83		See page 21 "DCO PW/PWM Depth"

The pulse width of 03 can be set at DCO PW/PWM Depth.

### □ DCO Sawtooth Waveform

### Example ▼

SAWTOOTH= 01

Sawtooth waveform is selected.

Display (6)	Waveform	Spectrum
	OFF	
01		lt n.
82		
ØS		See page 21 "DCO PW/PWM Depth"
	للنس_	

The pulse width of 03 can be set at DCO PW/PWM Depth.

### □ DCO Sub Oscillator Waveform

### Example ▼

SUB = 00

This selects the waveform of the Sub Oscillator that generates the pitch 1 or 2 octaves lower than the pulse wave or sawtooth wave.

Display	Waveform	Pitch	Spectrum
		1 oct. lower	
Ø1	· L_Л	1 oct. lower	
92		1 oct. lower	
	ШШ	1 oct. lower	
04		2 oct. lower	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i
1.4		2 oct. lower	

### □ DCO Sub Oscillator Level

### Example ▼

SUB LEVL= 03

This sets the volume of the Sub Oscillator from 0 to 3. At 0, there is no oscillation.

### □ DCO Noise Level

### Example ▼

HOIS LVL= 03

This sets the volume of the Noise which is often used for wind or surf. 0 to 3 are valid, and at 0, there is no Noise generated.

Noise



### □ DCO PW/PWM Depth

### Example ▼

FW / FWM= 80

This parameter works only on the Pulse Wave 03 and Sawtooth Wave 03. The pulse width of a wave can be determined by the value from 0 to 127.

PW/PWM	PULSE 03 LIT		SAWTOOTH 03	
Depth	Waveform	Spectrum	Waveform	Spectrum
				la de la composição de
42			_\_	
54	ШΠ	<u> </u>	_~1	<u> </u>
182		lan.		
127				

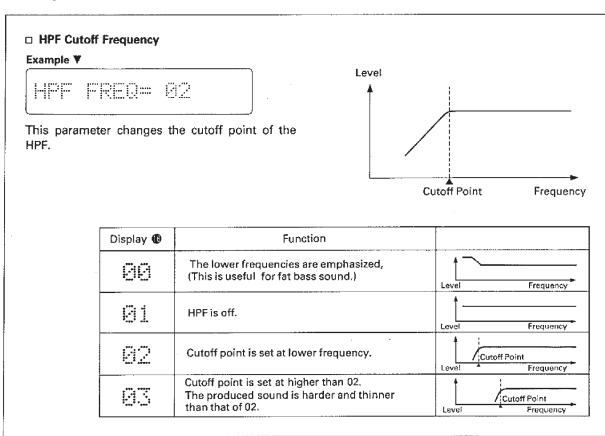
### □ DCO PWM Rate

### Example ▼

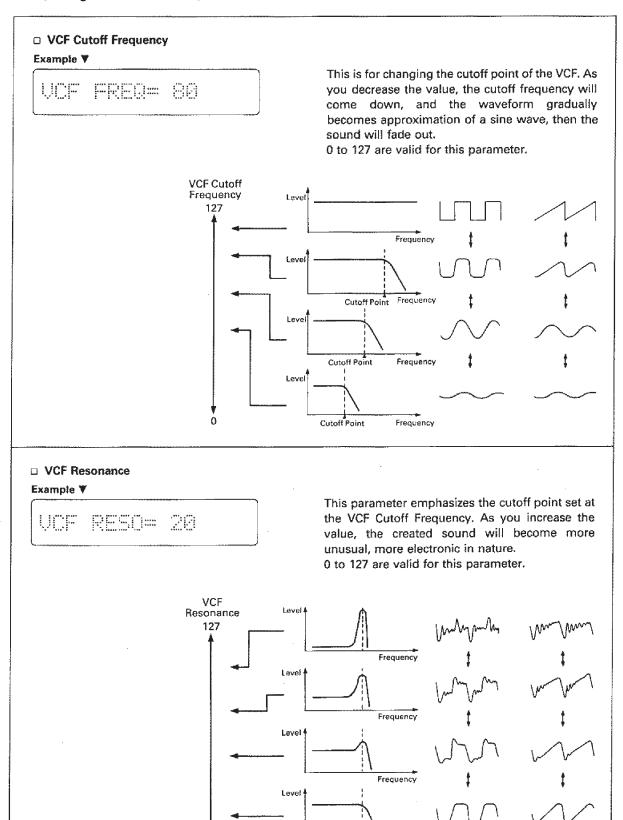
FWM RATE- 60

This parameter works only on the Pulse Wave 03 and Sawtooth Wave 03. The rate of the LFO modulation that changes the pulse width of the waveform can be set. 0 to 127 are the values valid for this parameter. At 0, however, the pulse width is not modulated by the LFO but set at the PW/PWM Depth. When this parameter is set to the value other than 0, the pulse width set with the DCO PW/PWM Depth is the widest pulse made by the LFO modulation.

### HPF (High Pass Filter)



### **VCF (Voltage Controlled Filter)**



Frequency

### □ VCF ENV Depth

### Example ▼

This parameter controls the cutoff point of the VCF in each note with the ENV curve set in the ENV section. As you increase the value, tone color within one note changes more drastically. 0 to 127 are valid for this parameter.

### □ VCF ENV Mode

### Example ▼



This is to select the polarity of the Envelope curve that controls the cutoff point of the VCF. Usually, "\sum " may be used, in "\sum " mode, ADSR pattern will be inverted.

Mode	Display 🚯	Function					
Normal	P-<	ENV serves to increase the VCF's cutoff point.					
Invert	L	ENV serves to decrease the VCF's cutoff point.					
Normal with Dynamics	Di-s	The ENV with Dynamics serves to increase the VCF's cutoff point.					
Dynamics ਹਾਂਤਾ।		This mode is rather special; the ENV has nothing to do with the VC cutoff point and the Dynamics directly works to increase the VCF cutoff point.					

### □ VCF LFO Depth

### Example ▼

This parameter sets the depth of the LFO modulation that changes the cutoff point of the VCF (=growl effect).

0 to 127 are valid for this parameter.

### □ VCF Keyboard Follower

### Example ▼

This parameter can shift the cutoff point depending on the key played (=pitch). 0 to 15 are valid, and decreasing the value will make the higher pitch softer.

### □ VCF Aftertouch Sensitivity

### Example ▼

When the Aftertouch is controlling the cutoff frequency of the VCF, this parameter sets the sensitivity of the effect.

0 to 15 are valid for this parameter.

### VCA (Voltage Controlled Amplifier)

### □ VCA Level

### Example ▼

UCA LEUL= 64

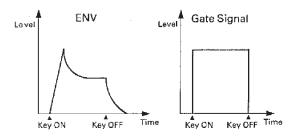
This is for changing the volume, and can be effectively used when writing a tone color. When the value is set too high, sound may be distorted.

### □ VCA ENV Mode

### Example **V**

UCA ENV = 1-4

This is to select whether to control the VCA by the signal from the ENV or by the Gate signal (Key On/ Off signal).



Mode	Display 🚯	Function
ENV	P=-,	ENV changes the volume.
Gate	GT	Gate signal changes the volume.
ENV with Dynamics	[illi-s.	ENV with dynamics changes the volume.
Gate with Dynamics	DGT	Gate signal with dynamics changes the volume.

### □ VCA Aftertouch Sensitivity

### Example ▼



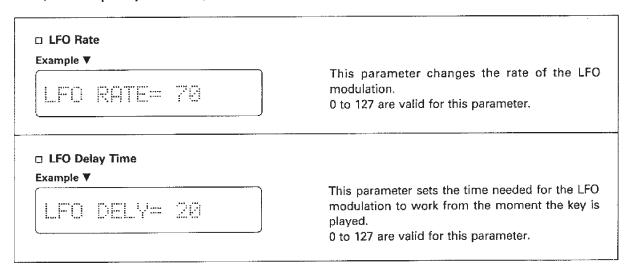
When the Aftertouch is controlling the volume, this parameter determines the sensitivity of the effect.

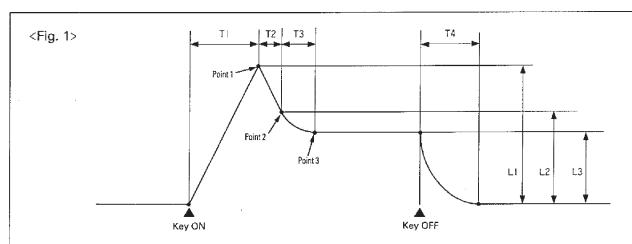
0 to 15 are valid for this parameter.

### **CHORUS**

Chorus On/Off  Example ▼				
CHORUS = OH	This turns on or off the Chorus effect.			
Chorus Rate	This parameter determines the rate of the choru			

### LFO (Low Frequency Oscillator)





### □ ENV Time 1

### Example ▼

This parameter can set the time needed for a note to reach the point 1 from the moment the key is played.

0 to 127 are valid for this parameter.

In Fig 1, the length of TI represents it.

### ☐ ENV Level 1

### Example ▼

This parameter sets the point 1's level. 0 to 127 are valid for this parameter.

In Fig 1, the height of LI represents it.

### □ ENV Time 2

### Example ▼

This parameter can set the time spent for a note to change from the point 1 to 2.

0 to 127 are valid for this parameter.

In Fig 1, the length of T2 represents it.

### □ ENV Level 2

### Example ▼

This parameter sets the point 2's level. 0 to 127 are valid for this parameter.

In Fig 1, the height of L2 represents it.

### ☐ ENV Time 3

### Example ▼

This parameter can set the time spent for a note to change from the point 2 to 3.

0 to 127 are valid for this parameter.

In Fig 1, the length of T3 represents it.

### □ ENV Level 3

### Example ▼

This parameter sets the point 3's level. 0 to 127 are valid for this parameter.

In Fig 1, the height of L3 represents it.

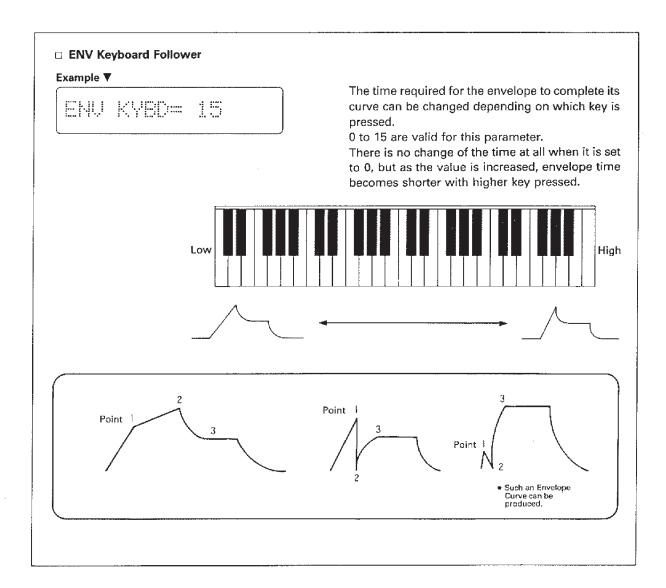
### □ ENV Time 4

### Example ▼

This parameter sets the time needed for a note to fall to 0 from the level 3 from the moment the key is released.

0 to 127 are valid for this parameter.

In Fig 1, the length of T4 represents it.



### 8. Writing a Tone Color

To retain the edited tone color data into the backup memory, take the following writing operation.

### <OPERATION>

- ① To write the tone color into the Memory group, set the Memory Protect Switch ② on the α JUNO-2 to OFF, and to write it into the Cartridge group, set the Protect Switch on the cartridge to OFF.
- While holding the Write Button down, select the new location for the tone color by pushing appropriate Group Selector Button (Memory, Cartridge), Bank Selector Button (1 to 8) and the Number Selector Button (1) (1 to 8).

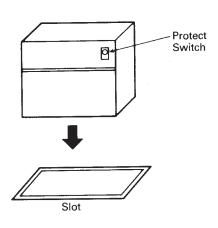
The Display (b) will change to as shown below.

- 3 Return the Memory Protect Switch 9 on the  $\alpha$  JUNO-2 or the Protect Switch on the cartridge to the ON position.
- \* If you try to select the Cartridge group without the Cartridge connected to the  $\alpha$  JUNO-2, the Display (f) will respond with:



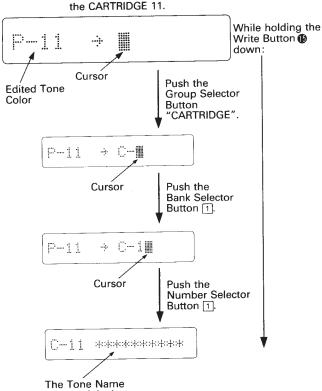
When this is seen, securely connect the cartridge, then try again.

\* When writing a tone color into the memory cartridge, be sure to set the Protect Switch on the cartridge to the OFF position, then when the writing is completed, return it to the ON position. The position of the Protect Switch ② on the  $\alpha$  JUNO-2 has nothing to do with this.



- ON: At this position, no data can be writen into memory. Therefore, the data is retained even if you take writing procedure by mistake.
- OFF: Select this position for writing new data into memory.

Example ▼ Editing the PRESET 11 and writing it in the CARTRIDGE 11.



of the original tone color.

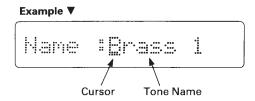
### 9. Naming the Tone Colors

You can write a name (within 10 letters) to each tone color, or rename it.

### <OPERATION>

- Call the tone color which you wish to rename.
- ② Push the Name Button

The Display (6) will respond with:

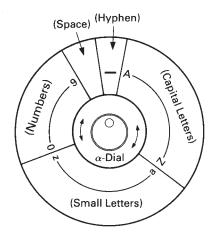


③ Keep pressing the Name Button @ until the cursor comes under the letter to be changed.

The cursor moves one letter rightward each time the Name Button is pressed. When the cursor reaches the right end, it goes back to the beginning.

4 Change the name by using the  $\alpha$  Dial 1.

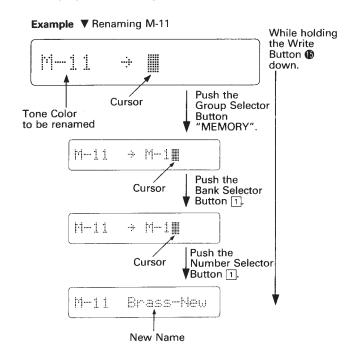
The available letters for naming are as follows.



⑤ Repeat the steps ③ ④ as many times as necessary.

- (6) If the tone color to be written is in the Memory group, set the Memory Protect Switch to the OFF position, and if it is in the Cartridge group, set the Protect Switch on the cartridge to the OFF position.
- While holding the Write Button (6) down, select the tone color to be written by pushing the relevant Group Selector Button (7), the Bank Selector Button (8) and the Number Selector Button (8).

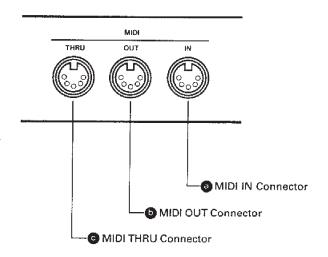
The Display (6) will change to:



- Return the Memory Protect Switch or the Protect Switch on the cartridge to the ON position.
- \* Taking the operation ⑦ will automatically write the tone color selected in the step ①. So if you do not change the tone color but only the tone name, assign the same tone color you called in the step ①.
- \* When renaming the tone color in the Cartridge, the position of the Memory Protect Switch has no effect.

### 10. MIDI

There are three MiDI Connectors  $\boldsymbol{\varpi}$  on the  $\alpha$  JUNO as follows.



### MIDI IN Connector

Use this connector for feeding signal from an external MIDI device to control the  $\alpha$  JUNO.

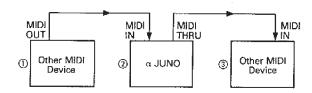
### MIDI OUT Connector

Use this connector for sending signal from the  $\alpha$  JUNO to control the external MIDI device.

\* The signal fed into the MIDI IN is not sent out through the MIDI OUT.

### MIDI THRU Connector

The exact copy of the signal fed into the MIDI IN is sent out through this connector.



### NOTE

Please do not connect more than three MIDI devices through the MIDI THRU Connectors. Use the optional MIDI THRU Box MM-4.

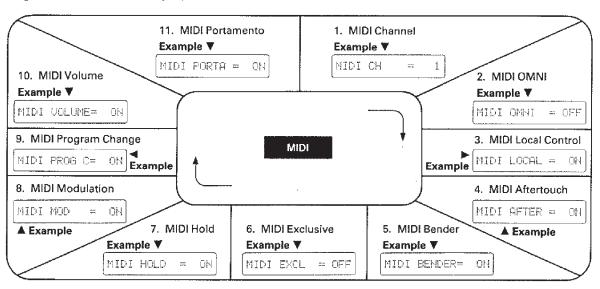
### a. Changing MIDI Function Data

The setting of each MIDI function can be changed and written as follows.

MIDI Function	Factory Preset	Value Display	Description			
1. MIDI Channel	1	1~16	This sets the channel on which the MIDI messages are communicated.			
2. MIDI OMNI	OFF	ONZOFF	OMNI ON receives all messages regardless the channel setting.			
3. MIDI Local Control	ON	ON/OFF	OFF separates the synthesizer section from the keyboard section in the $\alpha$ JUNO.			
4. MIDI Aftertouch	ON	ON/OFF	Aftertouch Message			
5. MIDI Bender	ON	ON/OFF	Pitch Bender Message			
6. MIDI Exclusive	OFF	OH/OFF	Exclusive Message			
7. MIDI Hold	ON	ON/OFF	Hold Message			
8. MIDI Modulation	ON	ON/OFF	Modulation Message			
9. MIDI Program Change	ON	CNZOFF	Tone Color Selection Message			
10. MIDI Volume	ON	CM/OFF	Volume Message			
11. MIDI Portamento	ON	0H/OFF	Portamento Message			

### <OPERATION>

① Push the MIDI Button ① as many times until the MIDI function you wish to change is shown in the Display ⑥.



The MIDI parameter shown in the Display changes each time the MIDI Button is pushed.

② Using the  $\alpha$  Dial  $\bullet$ , change the MIDI function to what you like.

### b. Writing MIDI Function Data

By writing the data of the MIDI Function setting into the back-up memory, it can be retained even when the unit is turned off.

### <OPERATION>

- Set the Memory Protect Switch to the OFF position.
- ② Push the MIDI Button 10.

(3) While holding the Write Button (6) down, push the MIDI Button (6).

The Display will change to:

While holding the Write Button (6) down.

Write MIDI FUMC.

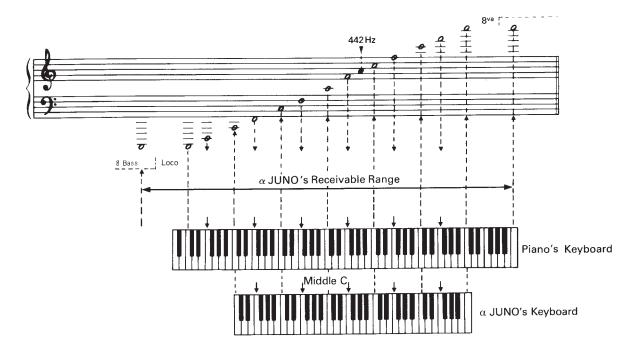


When the MIDI Button (9 is pushed.

Write Complete!

4 Return the Memory Protect Switch to the ON position.

### c. $\alpha$ JUNO's Sound Range receivable and transmissible with MIDI



### (1) Transmissible Sound Range

The  $\alpha$  JUNO-2 features the Key Transpose (1 octave upper and lower) and the Octave Transpose (1 octave lower) functions, therefore can transmit data from 2 octaves lower to 1 octave higher than the actual keyboard.

### (2) Receivable Sound Range

The  $\alpha$  JUNO-2's receivable sound range with MIDI is 8 octaves as shown above. If the transmitted data exceeds this range, it will be automatically transposed up or down until it fits in the range. The Key Transpose and the Octave Transpose functions do not work on the data received at MIDI IN.

### d. Pedal Switch

Depending on the function currently in use, the MIDI messages sent by the pedal switch differ.

### Pedal Switch

Function	Messages transmitted with MIDI				
Program Shift	*1 Program Change, *1 System Exclusive				
Portamento	*¹ Portamento				
Chord Memory	No message				

<sup>\*1</sup> These messages are turned on or off with MIDi.

### e. Program Change Messages

The tone colors of the  $\alpha$  JUNO correspond to the Program Change numbers of the MIDI Format 1 to 128 as shown in the table below.

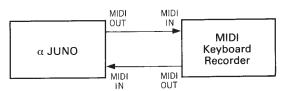
GROUP	NUMBER BANK	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
MEMORY & CARTRIDGE	1	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	2	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	3	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
	4	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32
	5	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
	6	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48
	7	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
	8	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64
PRESET	1	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72
	2	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
	3	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88
	4	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96
	5	97	98	99	100	101	102	103	104
	6	105	106	107	108	109	110	111	112
	7	113	114	115	116	117	118	119	120
	8	121	122	123	124	125	126	127	128

<sup>\*</sup> Number 0 to 127 are used as Program Change Messages in the actual MIDI Format.

\* When external MIDI devices such as keyboard recorders are connected to the  $\alpha$  JUNO, the  $\alpha$  JUNO may not sound properly because of the MIDI loop junction.

In such a case, turn the MIDI Thru Switch on the keyboard recorder off or turn the MIDI Local message off.

### Example



### 11. Data Transfer



The  $\alpha$  JUNO-2 features the Data Transfer function that can save the entire data in the Memory Group (M-11 to M-88) into the optional Cartridge, then later load it back. Also, it is possible to transfer the entire data in an  $\alpha$  JUNO-2 to another  $\alpha$  JUNO-2 or the  $\alpha$  JUNO-1.

Before taking any data transferring operation, be sure to turn the  $\alpha$  JUNO-2 to the Play mode, in other words, the Display  $\P$  should be showing a tone number and the tone name.

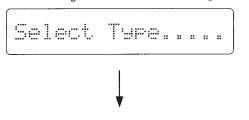
### a. Saving into the Cartridge

### <OPERATION>

① While holding the Data Transfer Button **9** down, push the ③ (Cartridge Save) button in the Number Selector Button **6**.

The Display (6) will change to:

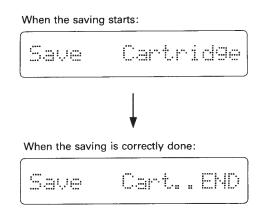
While holding the Data Transfer Button 9 down:



When the Number Selector Button 3 is pushed:

- ② Set the Protect Switch on the cartridge to the OFF position.
- ③ Push the Cartridge button in the Group Selector Button **(7)**.

The Display (6) will change to:



4 Return the Protect Switch on the cartridge to the ON position.

## b. Loading from the Cartridge to the Memory Group

#### <OPERATION>

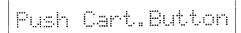
① While holding the Data Transfer Button **9** down, push the ④ (Cartridge Load) button in the Number Selector Buttons **8**.

The Display (6) will change to:

While holding the Data Transfer Button 7 down:



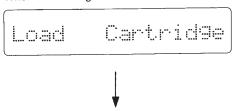
When the Number Selector Button 4 is pushed:



- ② Set the Memory Protect Switch to the OFF position.
- 3 Push the Cartridge button in the Group Buttons •

The Display **(b)** will change to:

When the loading starts:



When the loading is correctly done:

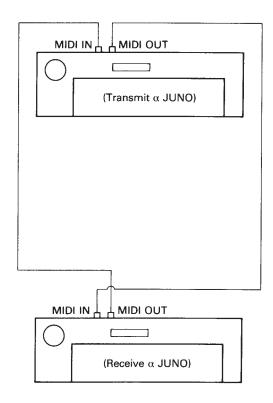


4 Return the Memory Protect Switch 6 to the ON position.

### c. Data Transfer with MIDI

This function is available even when the MIDI Exclusive in the MIDI Functions is turned off.

#### CONNECTION

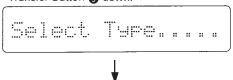


#### <OPERATION>

- ① Turn the Memory Protect Switch 6 on the receive  $\alpha$  JUNO to the OFF position.
- ② On the receive α JUNO, push the Number Selector Button ② (\*¹ Bulk Load) while holding the Data Transfer Button ⑨ down.

The Display **(f)** will react as shown below, and the unit is ready to receive data.

While holding the Data Transfer Button **9** down.



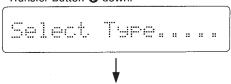
When the Number Selector Button 2 is pushed.

Bulk Load MIDI..

③ On the transmit α JUNO, push the Number Selector Button 1 (\*2 Bulk Dump) while holding the Data Transfer Button 9 down.

The Display **(f)** will react as shown below, and the unit will begin to transmit data.

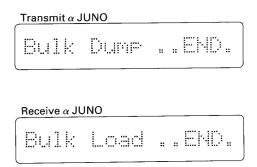
While holding the Data Transfer Button **9** down.



When the Number Selector Button 1 is pushed.

Bulk Dume MIDI..

When the data transfer is completed, the Displays 
 of the receive and transmit α JUNO's will respond with:



When error indication is shown in the Display as below, check if the connections are made correctly and securely.

- (5) Return the Memory Protect Switch 9 on the receive  $\alpha$  JUNO to the ON position.
- \*1 Bulk Load means loading the entire data in the Memory group (=64 tone colors) from other  $\alpha$  JUNO by means of MIDI Exclusive.
- \*2 Bulk Dump means transferring the entire data in the Memory group (=64 tone colors) to other  $\alpha$  JUNO by means of MIDI Exclusive.

# 4 APPENDIX

## 1. Parameter Table

Р	arameter		Value
Display 🚯		Display 🚯	
DCO RMG	DCO Range	32"~4"	
DCO LFO	DCO LFO Depth	00~127	
DCO EHV	DCO ENV Depth	00~127	
DCO ENU	DCO ENV Mode	[*···· <sub>\</sub> .	Normal
		ļ·· <sup>·</sup>	Invert
		Dh-s	Normal with Dynamics
		Dl'	Invert with Dynamics
DCO AFTR	DCO Aftertouch Sensitivity	00 ~ 15	
DCO BEND	DCO Bender Range	00 ~ 12	
PULSE	DCO Pulse Waveform	88	OFF
		01	ப
		92	டி
	1	83	التّ
SAWTOOTH	DCO Sawtooth Waveform	ØØ	OFF
		21	/
,		82	_/\/_
		83	أحا
		84	لللس_
		95	

P	Parameter	Value			
Display <b>(</b>		Display 🚯			
SUB	DCO Sub Oscillator Waveform	99			
		81			
		92			
			ШШ		
		84			
		<u>e</u>			
SUB LEVL	DCO Sub Oscillator Level	00 ~ 03			
NOIS LVL	DCO Noise Level	99 ~ 93			
PW/PWM	DCO PW/PWM Depth	00~127			
PWM RATE	DCO PWM Rate	00~127			
HPF FREQ	HPF Cutoff Frequency	00 ~ 03			
UCF FREQ	VCF Cutoff Frequency	00~127			
UCF RESO	VCF Resonance	00~127			
UCF ENU	VCF ENV Depth	00~127			
UCF ENU	VCF ENV Mode	ľ~~.	Normal		
		ļ, <sup>,</sup>	Invert		
		Di~~.	Normal with Dynamics		
		den	Dynamics		
UCF LFO	VCF LFO Depth	00~127			
UCF KYBD	VCF Keyboard Follower	00 ~ 15			

Р	arameter	Value			
Display (f)		Display <b>®</b>			
UCF AFTR	Aftertouch Sensitivity	00 ~ 15			
UCA LEVL	VCA Level	00~127			
UCA ENU	VCA ENV Mode	ľ~··.	ENV		
		ST	Gate		
			ENV with Dynamics		
		DGT	Gate with Dynamics		
UCA AFTR	VCA Aftertouch Sensitivity	00~ 15			
CHORUS	Chorus	OM/OFF			
CRS RATE	Chorus Rate	00~127			
LFO RATE	LFO Rate	00~127			
LFO DELY	LFO Delay Time	00~127			
ENV T1	ENV Time 1	00~127			
ENV L1	ENV Level 1	00~127			
ENU T2	ENV Time 2	00~127			
ENV L2	ENV Level 2	00~127			
ENV T3	ENV Time 3	00~127			
ENV L3	ENV Level 3	00~127			
ENV T4	ENV Time 4	00~127			
ENU KYBD	ENV Keyboard Follower	00 ~ 15			

## 2. Error Message Table

Display 📵	Description
Memory Protected	You have tried to write into the back-up memory with the Memory Protect Switch  set to the ON position.
Insert Cartridge	You have tried to use the Cartridge Group without connecting the Cartridge.
[Cart uProtected]	You have tried to write into the cartridge with the protect switch on the cartridge set to the ON position.
Bulk Load ERR!	The bulk dump data has not been completely received.
Bulk Dump ERR!	The bulk dump data has not been completely transferred.
Check Battery!!	The battery for back-up memory is flat.  * When this indication is shown, the data in the back-up memory is lost. Consult with your local Roland dealer.

3. Memo

 $\infty$ 9 PROGRAMMER: 2 DATE: 4  $^{\circ}$  $\alpha$  JUNO-2 TONE NAME 2 Number 9  $\infty$ ~  $^{\circ}$ 4  $\mathbf{\Omega}$ 

 $\infty$ 9 PROGRAMMER: വ DATE: 4  $\sim$  $\alpha$  JUNO-2 TONE NAME 2 TITLE: Number  $\infty$ 2 ~ 9  $^{\circ}$ 4 Bank

No. Bank	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1								
2								
3								
4								
5								
6			11.7					
7								
8								

No. Bank	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1								
2								
3								
4								
5								
6								
7								
8								

# **5 SPECIFICATIONS**

lpha JUNO-2 (JU-2): 6 voice polyphonic and programmable synthesizer

Keyboard: 61 keys, 5 octaves, C scale with Dynamics and Aftertouch

Memory Capacity 64 RAM tone colors

64 ROM tone colors

(64 RAM tone colors when using optional Memory Cartridge)

**Panel Switch Section** 

Group Selector Buttons
Bank Selector Buttons (1 to 8)
Number Selector Buttons (1 to 8)

Tune/Function Button

**MIDI** Button

Key Transpose Button
Data Transfer Button
Parameter Selector Button

Value Button Write Button

Tone Modify Mode Buttons (Modulation Rate,

Depth, Brilliance, Envelope Time)

**Control Section** 

 $\alpha$  Dial

Volume Knob

Octave Transpose Buttons (Normal, Down)

Portamento Button
Chord Memory Button
Pitch Bender/Modulation Lever

**Display Window** 

16 figures, LCD (with light)

**Indicators** 

Key Transpose Indicator Octave Transpose Indicators (Normal, Down) Portamento Indicator

Chord Memory Indicator

**Rear Panel** 

Output Jacks (Mono, Stereo)

Headphones Jack (8 to 150 $\Omega$  at Stereo)

Hold Pedal Jack

Pedal Switch Jack

**Expression Pedal Jack** 

Memory Protect Switch

MIDI Connectors (IN, OUT, THRU)

Memory Cartridge Holder

Power Switch

**Dimensions** 

 $972(W) \times 246(D) \times 85(H) \text{ mm}$ 

 $38-\frac{1}{4}$ "(W)  $\times 9-\frac{5}{8}$ "(D)  $\times 3-\frac{3}{8}$ "(H)

Weight

7.5kg/16 lb 9oz

Consumption

12W

Accessories

Music Rest

Connection Cable LP-25 (X1)

**OPTIONS** 

Stereo Headphones

RH-10 EV-5

Expression Pedal Pedal Switch

DP-2, FS-1

Stand

KS-6

Carrying Case

AB-4

Memory Cartridge MIDI/SYNC Cable

M-64C MSC-07, 15, 25, 50, 100

#### **MIDI** Implementation JU-2 MODEL

Date: Jan. 27 1986 Version: 1.1

tatus	Second	Third	Description	
001 nnnn		Ovvv vvvv	Note ON kkkkkkk = 12 - 108 vvvvvvv = 10 - 127	*
001 nnnn	Okkk kkkk	0000 0000	Note OFF kkkkkkk = 12 - 108	
011 nnnn	0000 0001	0vvv vvvv	Modulation vvvvvvv = 0 - 127	*:
011 nnnn	0000 0111	0vvv vvvv	Main volume vvvvvvv = 0 - 127	(3. <b>*</b> )
011 nnnn	0100 0000	0111 1111	Hold ON	* 2
011 nnnn	0100 0000	0000 0000	Hold OFF	*;
011 nnnn	0100 0001	0111 1111	Portamento ON	*:
011 nnnn	0100 0001	0000 0000	Portamento OFF	* 1
100 nnnn	Oppp pppp		Program Change ppppppp = 0 - 127	*, *:
110 nnnn	Obbb bbbb	Obbb bbbb	Pitch Bender Change	*:
011 nnnn	0111 1011	0000 0000	ALL NOTES OFF	
011 nnnn	0111 1100	0000 0000	OMNI OFF	*
011 nnnn	0111 1111	0000 0000	POLY ON	*
Notes *1			, modified notes with CHORD	MEMORY
*2	Transmitted	if the corresp	onding function switch is O	N.
	0.00.1	PMODU ODOUB	CARTRIDGE GROUP	

\*5 The value of the Main volume message is controlled only by EXP PEDAL IN.

<ol> <li>RECOGNIZED RECEIVE DATA</li> </ol>	2.	RECOGNIZED	RECEIVE	DATA
---	----	------------	---------	------

	cond .	Third	Description	
		Ovvv vvvv	Note OFF, velocity ignored	
1001 nnnn 0k	kk kkkk	0000 0000	Note OFF	
			kkkkkk = 0 - 127 (12 - 108)	*1
1001 nnnn 0k	kk kkkk	0vvv vvvv	Note ON	
			kkkkkk = 0 - 127 (12 - 108)	* 1
			vvvvvvv = 1 - 127	
1011 nnnn 00	00 0001	Ovvv vvvv	Modulation	*2
1011 11111111 00	00 0001	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	vvvvvv = 0 - 127	
1011 nnnn 00	00 0101	Ovvv vvvv	Portamento Time	*2
			vvvvvv = 0 - 127	
1011 nnnn 00	00 0111	Ovvv vvvv	Main volume *2,	*6
	00 0111		vvvvvv = 0 - 127	
1011 nnnn 01	00 0000	01xx xxxx	Hold ON	*2
1011 nnnn 01	00 0000	00xx xxxx	Hold OFF	*2
				*2
		O I ALA	Portamento ON	
1011 nnnn 01	00 0001	00xx xxxx	Portamento OFF	*2
1100 nnnn 0p	qqqq qq		Program Change *2,	*3
1100 mmm op	PP PPPP		ррррррр = 0 - 127	
1101 nnnn 0v	vv vvvv		Channel After Touch	*2
			vvvvvv = 0 - 127	
1110 nnnn 0b	bx xxxx	Obbb bbbb	Pitch Bender Change	*2
1110 mmm ob	DA AAAA	0000 0000	, room bender ondinge	
1011 nnnn 01	11 1010	0000 0000	Local OFF	* 4
1011 nnnn 01			Local ON	<b>*</b> 4
			ALL NOTES OFF	<b>*</b> 5
		0000 0000	OMNI OFF	<b>*</b> 5
			OMNI ON	<b>*</b> 5
1011 nnnn 01	11 1110	0000 mmmm	MONO ON	<b>*</b> 5
	11 1111	0000 0000	POLY ON	<b>*</b> 5

Notes:

\*1 Note numbers outside the range 12 - 108 are transposed to
the nearest octave inside this range.

While 'CHORD MEMORY' is on, modified notes with CHORD MEMORY

- \*2 Recognized if the corresponding function switch is ON.
- \*3 0 63 : MEMORY GROUP or CARTRIDGE GROUP 64 127 : PRESET GROUP
- \*4 Ignored during any key on.
- \*5 Mode Messages (123 127) are also recognized as ALL NOTES OFF.

Mode Messages are recognized as follows:

			1	POLY	Ol	N (127)				im = 1				
OMNI	OFF	(124)		OMNI POLY	=	OFF	1	OMNI MONO	=	OFF **	1	OMNI POLY	=	OFF
OMNI	ON	(125)		OMNI POLY	=			OMN I MONO				OMNI POLY	=	ON
	**	CHORD	M)	EMORY		on								

<sup>\*6</sup> The volume of the sound can be controlled by main volume message within level whitch adjusted by the panel volume knob.

```
TRANSMITTED EXCLUSIVE MESSAGES
*Transmitted if EXCL in the MIDI function is on.
 All Tone Parameters with Tone names ( APR )
 When the Group, Bank or Number is changed.
             Byte
                                                       Description
                                          Description

Exclusive status
Roland ID #
Operation code = APR (all parameters)
Unit # = MIDI basic channel, nnnn = 0 - 15
where nnnn + 1 = channel #
Format type ( JU-1,JU-2 )
Level # = 1
Group #
Value ( 0 - 127 )
In sequence (36 bytes total)
Tone name ( 0 - 63 )
In sequence (10 bytes total)
End of System Exclusive
   a 1111 0000
b 0100 0001
c 0011 0101
d 0000 nnnn
   e 0010 0011
f 0010 0000
g 0000 0001
h 0vvv vvvv
    i 00tt tttt
   j 1111 0111
 Individual Tone Parameter ( IPR )
 When the Parameters are changed.
                                                          Description
              Byte
                                          Exclusive status
Roland ID #
Operation code = IPR (individual parameter)
Unit # = MIDI basic channel, nnnn = 0 - 15
where nnnn + 1 = channel #
Format type ( JU-1, JU-2 )
Level # = 1
Group #
Parameter # ( 0 - 35, 48)
Value ( 0 - 127 )
h and i ( repetitively )
End of System Exclusive
   a 1111 0000
b 0100 0001
c 0011 0110
d 0000 nnnn
   e 0010 0011
f 0010 0000
g 0000 0001
h 00pp pppp
i 0vvv vvvv
:
```

#### Note

<b>j</b> 1	1111	0111 End	of System	Exclusive
es				
		ameter		
	#	Function		Value
		DCO ENV MODE		0 = ENV normal
				4
				2 = ENV normal with dynamics
				3 = ENV inverted with dynamics
	1	VCF ENV MODE		2 = ENV normal with dynamics 3 = ENV inverted with dynamics 0 = ENV normal 1 = ENV inverted 2 = ENV normal with dynamics
				1 = ENV inverted
				2 = ENV normal with dynamics
				3 = dynamics 0 = ENV 1 = GATE
	2	VCA ENV MODE		U = ENV
				1 = GATE 2 = ENV with dynamics 3 = GATE with dynamics 0 - 3 0 - 5 0 - 5 0 - 4' 1 = 8' 2 = 16' 3 = 32'
				2 = ENV with dynamics
	9	DOO WAVEFORM	DILLER	0 - 3
	3	DCO WAVEFORM	SAWTOOTH	0 - 5
	5	DCO WAVEFORM	SUB	0 - 5
	6	DCO RANGE	BOD	0 = 4'
	U	DOO KANGD		1 = 8'
				2 = 16'
				3 = 32 *
	7	DCO SUB LEVEL		0 - 3
	8	DCO NOISE LEV	EL	0 - 3
	9	HPF CUTOFF FR	EQ	0 - 3
	10	CHORUS		0 = OFF
				1 = ON
	11	DCO LFO MOD D	EPTH	0 - 127
	12	DCO ENV MOD D	EPTH	0 - 127
	13	DCO AFTER D	EPTH	0 - 127
	14	DCO PW/PWM D	RPTH	0 - 12/
	15	DCO PWM RATE		1 127 - DWM IEO DATE
	1.0	VOE OUMORE ED	PO.	0 - 127 - FWH BFO RATE
	17	VCF CUIOFF FR.	red	0 = 127
	19	VCF LEO MOD D	FDTH	0 - 127
	19	VCF ENV MOD D	RPTH	0 - 127
	20	VCF KRY FOLLO	₩	0 - 127
	21	VCF AFTER D	EPTH	0 - 127
	22	VCA LEVEL		0 - 127
	23	VCA AFTER D	EPTH	0 - 127
	24	LFO RATE		0 - 127
	25	LFO DELAY TIM	E	0 - 127
	26	ENV T1		0 - 127 (ATTACK TIME )
	27	ENV L1		0 - 127 (ATTACK LEVEL)
	28	ENV T2		U - 12/ (BKEAR TIME )
	29	ENV LZ		O = 127 (DRCAY TIME )
	30	ENV 13		0 = 127 (SUSTAIN LEVEL)
	31	ENV L3		0 = 127 (RELEASE TIME )
	32	DNV 14	w	0 - 127
	33	CHODING DATE	•	3 = GATE with dynamics 0 - 3 0 - 5 0 - 5 0 - 5 0 - 5 0 - 5 0 - 4' 1 = 8' 2 = 16' 3 = 32' 0 - 3 0 - 3 0 - 3 0 - 3 0 - 3 0 - 3 0 - 127
	34	DENDED DANCE		0 - 12
	33	DENDER RANGE		

```
0 - 63 (TONE NAME table)

0=A 16=Q 32=g 48=w
1=B 17=R 33=h 49=x
2=C 18=S 34=i 50=y
3=D 19=T 35=j 51=z
4=E 20=U 36=k 52=0
5=F 21=V 37=1 53=1
6=G 22=W 38=m 54=2
7=H 23=X 39=n 55=3
8=1 24=Y 40=o 56=4
9=J 25=Z 41=p 57=5
10=K 26=a 42=q 58=6
11=L 27=b 43=r 59=7
12=M 28=c 44=s 60=8
13=N 29=d 45=t 61=9
14=O 30=e 46=u 62=space
15=P 31=f 47=v 63=-
36 - 45
                      TONE NAME
  46,47 reserved
48 TONE MODIFY
(ignored if received)
                                                                                                                                                                         0 = ENV TIME (increment)
1 = BRILLIANCE (increment)
2 = MOD DEPTH (increment)
3 = MOD RATE (increment)
16 = ENV TIME (decrement)
17 = BRILLIANCE (decrement)
18 = MOD DEPTH (decrement)
19 = MOD RATE (decrement)
```

#### Bulk Dump ( BLD )

Bulk Dump has no relation with the EXCL in the MIDI function. When the 'DATA TRANSFER Button', 'WRITE Button' and 'BULK DUMP Button' are pressed.

	Byte	Description
8.	1111 0000	Exclusive status
b	0100 0001	Roland ID #
c	0011 0111	Operation code = BLD (bulk dump)
d	0000 nnnn	Unit # = MIDI basic channel, nnnn = 0 - 15
		where nnnn + 1 = channel #
e	0010 0011	Format type ( JU-1, JU-2 )
	0010 0000	Level # = 1
g	0000 0001	Group #
, i	0000 0000	Extension of program #
i	00рр рррр	Program # ( pppppp= n*4 : n= 0 - 15 )
	0000 tttt	4 sets of TONE data ( 256 bytes )
,	:	
k	1111 0111	End of System Exclusive
Not	es:	
	The Program	# (i) represents the first TONE number of

The Program # (i) represents the first TONE number of the TONE data sets (j). The 4 sets of TONE data are sequencially transmitted. TONE data is sent in four-bit nibbles, right justified, least significant nibble sent first. Each TONE data consists of 32 bytes. The Bulk Dump message repeats 16 times.

#### \*TONE data format

<b></b>	:	msb 7	;	6	;	5	. 4	1	3	;	2	:	1	:	lsb 0	!
byte	- 1	- 1	i	0	•	5		,	•	,	-	•	-	'		
0	:	DCO	Αŀ	TER	DE	PTH		:	VCF	KE	Y 1	FOLI	LOW			1
1	- 1	VCF	AF	TER	DE	PTH		i	VCA				EPTH			;
2	- 1	ENV	KE	Y FO	OLL	O₩		1	DCO	BE	END	ER I	RANG	E		:
3	- 1	***	1	DCO	LF	O MOI	DEP'	ГН								1
4	į	b00	i.	DCO	EN	V MOI	DEP'	ГН								1
5	- 1	b01	i				PW/PWI	1 I	DEPT	Н						1
6	1	ъ02	1	DCO	PW	M RA'	ΓE									1
7	- 1	ъ03	į.	VCF			FREQ									1
8	- 1	ь04	1	VCF	RE	SONA	NCE									1
9	- 1	b05	1	VCF	EN	V MOI	DEL.	rн								1
10	- 1	ь06	1	VCF	LF	O MO	D DEP	ГΗ								
11	1	ь07	:	VCA	LE	VEL										1
12	- 1	ъ08	1	LFO	RA	TE										1
13	- 1	ь09	1	LFO	DE	LAY										- 1
14	- 1	ь10	1	ENV	T1											1
15	- 1	b11	;	ENV	L1											- 1
16	- 1	Ъ12	- {	ENV	T2											1
17	;	b13	1	ENV	L2											- 1
18	- 1	b14	;	ENV	Т3											1
19	:	b15	1	ENV	L3											1
20	1	b16	1	ENV	T4											i
21	- 1	b17	1	***		TONE		-	1							
22	- 1	b18	1	* * *		TONE	NAME	-	2							1
23	- 1	b19	;	* * *		TONE		-	3							
24	- 1	b20	1	* * *		TONE		-	4							- 1
25	- 1	b21	1	* * *		TONE		-	5							- 1
26	- 1	b22	- 1	* * *		TONE		-	6							- 1
27	- ;	c 1		c 0		TONE	NAME	-	7							÷
28	- ;	c 3		c 2		TONE		-	8							
29	1	c 5		c 4		TONE	NAME	-	9							1
30	- ;	c 7		c 6	1	TONE	NAME		10							1
31	- ;						0 (	d١	ummy	)						- 1

\*\*\* : 0, ignored if received

```
Switch bit
                                            0 = OFF 1 = ON
 b00
b01 b02
                      CHORUS
                                            ENV normal
ENV inverted
ENV normal with dynamics
ENV inverted with dynamics
                      DCO ENV MODE
 b03 b04
                     VCF ENV MODE ENV normal
ENV inverted
ENV normal with dynamics
    0
          1
                                            dynamics
  b05 b06
                      VCA ENV MODE ENV GATE ENV with dynamics GATE with dynamics
          0
  b07 b08 b09
0 0 0
0 0 1
0 1 0
0 1 1
                      DCO WAVEFORM
SUB
           0 0
  b10 b11 b12
                      DCO WAVEFORM
SAWTOOTH
          0
     0
0
0
1
1
           0
  b13 b14
0 0
0 1
1 0
1 1
                      DCO WAVEFORM
PULSE
                                            0
  b15 b16
                      HPF CUTOFF FREQ
                                             0
                                             3
  b17 b18
                      DCO RANGE
      ő
                                            16'
32'
  b19 b20
0 0
0 1
                       DCO SUB
LEVEL
                                             0
1
2
3
   b21 b22
                       DCO NOISE
LEVEL
                                             0
1
2
3
        1
  c7 c6 c5 c4 c3 c2 c1 c0 0 v v v v v v v
```

RECOGNIZED EXCLUSIVE MESSAGES 4.

\*Received if EXCL in the MIDI function is on.

All Tone Parameters without Tone names ( APR )

Byte	Description
в 1111 0000	Exclusive status
ъ 0100 0001	Roland ID #
c 0011 0101	Operation code = APR (all parameters)
d 0000 nnnn	Unit # = MIDI basic channel, nnnn = 0 - 15
-	where nnnn + 1 = channel #
e 0010 0011	Format type ( JU-1, JU-2 )
f 0010 0000	Level # = 1
g 0000 0001	Group #
h Ovvv vvvv	Value ( 0 - 127 )
:	In sequence (36 bytes total)
i 1111 0111	End of System Exclusive

(BLD) 4.2 Bulk Dump

Bulk Dump has no relation with the EXCL in the MIDI function. When the 'DATA TRANSFER Button', 'WRITE Button' and 'BULK LOAD Button' are pressed.

Byte	Description
a 1111 0000	Exclusive status
ь 0100 0001	Roland ID #
c 0011 0111	Operation code = BLD (bulk dump)
d 0000 nnnn	Unit # = MIDI basic channel, nnnn = 0 - 15
	where nnnn + 1 = channel #
e 0010 0011	Format type ( JU-1, JU-2 )
f 0010 0000	Level # = 1
g 0000 0001	Group #
h 0000 0000	Extension of program #
i 00pp pppp	Program #
j 0000 tttt	Some sets of TONE data
:	
k 1111 0111	End of System Exclusive

4.3

Notes:
The Program # is recognized as the first TONE number of the TONE data sets.
32 bytes are recognized as a set of TONE data.
TONE data is received in four-bit nibbles, right justified, least significant nibble received first.
See 3.3 Bulk Dump, to understand the TONE data format.

#### HANDSHAKING COMMUNICATION

#### 5.1 Message type

#### 5.1.1 Want to send a file (WSF)

Byte	Description
a 1111 0000	Exclusive status
ь 0100 0001	Roland ID #
c 0100 0000	Operation code = WSF
d 0000 nnnn	Unit # = MIDI basic channel, nnnn = 0 - 15
	where nnnn + 1 = channel #
e 0010 0011	Format type ( JU-1, JU-2 )
f 1111 0111	End of System Exclusive

#### 5.1.2 Request a file (RQF)

Byte	Description
a 1111 0000	Exclusive status
ъ 0100 0001	Roland ID #
c 0100 0001	Operation code = RQF
d 0000 nnnr	Unit # = MIDI basic channel, nnnn = 0 - 15
	where nnnn + 1 = channel #
e 0010 0011	Format type ( JU-1, JU-2 )
f 1111 0111	End of System Exclusive

#### 5.1.3 Data (DAT)

Byte	Description
a 1111 0000	Exclusive status
b 0100 0001	Roland ID #
e 0100 0010	Operation code = DAT
d 0000 nnnn	Unit # = MIDI basic channel, nnnn = 0 - 15
	where nnnn + 1 = channel #
e 0010 0011	Format type ( JU-1, JU-2 )
f 0000 tttt	4 sets of TONE data ( 256 bytes )
:	•
g Osss ssss	Check sum
h 1111 0111	End of System Exclusive

Notes:

TONE data is sent in four-bit nibbles, right justified, least significant nibble sent first.

See 3.3 Bulk Dump, to understand the TONE data format.

Summed value of the all bytes in data and the check sum must be  $0\ (7bits)$ .

#### 5.1.4 Acknowledge (ACK)

	Byte	Description
a	1111 0000	Exclusive status
b	0100 0001	Roland ID #
С	0100 0011	Operation code = ACK
d	0000 nnnn	Unit # = MIDI basic channel, nnnn = 0 - 15
		where nnnn + 1 = channel #
е	0010 0011	Format type ( JU-1, JU-2 )
f	1111 0111	End of System Exclusive

#### 5.1.5 End of file (EOF)

	Byte	Description
а	1111 0000	Exclusive status
b	0100 0001	Roland ID #
С	0100 0101	Operation code = EOF
d	0000 nnnn	Unit # = MIDI basic channel, nnnn = 0 - 15
		where nnnn + 1 = channel #
e	0010 0011	Format type ( JU-1, JU-2 )
f	1111 0111	End of System Exclusive

#### 5.1.6 Communication error (ERR)

Byte	Description
а 1111 0000	Exclusive status
ь 0100 0001	Roland ID #
c 0100 1110	Operation code = ERR
d 0000 nnnn	Unit # = MIDI basic channel, nnnn = 0 - 15 where nnnn + 1 = channel #
0010 0011	
e 0010 0011	Format type ( JU-1, JU-2 )
f 1111 0111	End of System Exclusive

#### 5.1.7 Rejection (RJC)

Byte		Description
a	1111 0000	Exclusive status
b	0100 0001	Roland ID #
С	0100 1111	Operation code = RJC
d	0000 nnnn	Unit # = MIDI basic channel, nnnn = 0 - 15
		where nnnn + 1 = channel #
е	0010 0011	Format type ( JU-1, JU-2 )
f	1111 0111	End of System Exclusive

## 5.2 Sequence of communication

## 5.2.1 In the 'Dump' mode.

	this unit	message	objective unit
		WSF> < ACK or (	RQF )
		DAT> < ACK :	
		DAT> < ACK	
		EOF> < ACK	
5.2.2 In the	'Load' mode. this unit	message	objective unit
		RQF>	
	•	< WSF ACK> )	
		< DAT ACK> : :	
		ACK>	
		< EOF ACK>	
Notes :			

- \* This unit sends RJC and the sequence is discontinued when it receives ERR or detects some error.
- \* This unit sends RJC when the sequence is discontinued manually.
- \* This unit stops the sequence if the unit receives RJC.

# MODEL JU-2 MIDI Implementation Chart

Date: Jan.27 1986 Version: 1.1

	Function	Transmitted	Recognized	Remarks
Basic Channel	Default Changed	1 - 16 1 - 16	1 - 16 1 - 16	memorized
Mode	Default Messages Altered	Mode 3 POLY, OMNI OFF *******	Mode 1, 3 MONO, POLY, OMNI ON MONO(m \(\pm\)1)→Mode 1, 3	
Note Number	True voice	12 - 108 *******	0 - 127 12 - 108	
Velocity	Note ON Note OFF	○ × 9n v = 0	○ v = 1-127 ×	
After Touch	Key's Ch's	× *	× *	
Pitch Ben	der	*	* 0 - 12 semi	9 bit resolution
Control Change	1 2 5 7 62 65	* EXP PEDAL in * Pedal sw. *	* Mod. depth  * ** Volume  * Hold  *	Modulation Portamento Time  Hold-1 Portamento Switch
Prog Change	True #	* 0-127 *******	* 0 - 127 0 - 127	
System Ex	cclusive	*	*	
System Common	Song Pos Song Sel Tune	× × ×	× × ×	
System Real Time	Clock Commands	×	×	
Aux Mes- sages	Local ON/OFF All Notes OFF Active Sense Reset	× () (123) × ×	○ ○ (123 - 127) ○ ×	memorized
Notes		I .	manually, and memorized. e volume of the sound within knob.	adjusted level

Mode 1 : OMNI ON POLY Mode 2 : OMNI ON MONO Mode 3 : OMNI OFF POLY Mode 4 : OMNI OFF MONO O: Yes

X : No

